



Tentative Interim Amendment

# NFPA<sup>®</sup> 101 Life Safety Code<sup>®</sup>

2012 Edition

**Reference:** 18.3.2.5.3(11) – (12), 19.3.2.5.3(11) – (13), related 18.3.4 and 19.3.4 alarm system provisions, and associated advisory annex

**TIA 12-2**

*(SC 12-10-6/TIA Log #1075)*

Pursuant to Section 5 of the NFPA Regulations Governing Committee Projects, the National Fire Protection Association has issued the following Tentative Interim Amendment to NFPA 101, *Life Safety Code*, 2012 edition. The TIA was processed by the Technical Committee on Health Care Occupancies and the Correlating Committee on Safety to Life, and was issued by the Standards Council on October 30, 2012, with an effective date of November 19, 2012.

A Tentative Interim Amendment is tentative because it has not been processed through the entire standards-making procedures. It is interim because it is effective only between editions of the standard. A TIA automatically becomes a proposal of the proponent for the next edition of the standard; as such, it then is subject to all of the procedures of the standards-making process.

*1. Revise 18.3.2.5.3 (11) – (12), 19.3.2.5.3 (11) – (13), related 18.3.4 and 19.3.4 alarm system provisions, and associated advisory annex as follows:*

Chapter 18 New Health Care Occupancies	Chapter 19 Existing Health Care Occupancies
<p><b>18.3.2.5.3*</b> Within a smoke compartment, where residential or commercial cooking equipment is used to prepare meals for 30 or fewer persons, one cooking facility shall be permitted to be open to the corridor, provided that all of the following conditions are met:</p> <p>(1) The portion of the health care facility served by the cooking facility is limited to 30 beds and is separated from other portions of the health care facility by a smoke barrier constructed in accordance with 18.3.7.3, 18.3.7.6, and 18.3.7.8.</p> <p>(2) The cooktop or range is equipped with a range hood of a width at least equal to the width of the cooking surface, with grease baffles or other grease-collecting and clean-out capability.</p> <p>(3)* The hood systems have a minimum airflow of 500 cfm (14,000 L/min).</p> <p>(4) The hood systems that are not ducted to the exterior additionally have a charcoal filter to remove smoke and odor.</p> <p>(5) The cooktop or range complies with all of the following:</p> <p>(a) The cooktop or range is protected with a fire suppression system listed in accordance with UL 300, <i>Standard for Fire Testing of Fire Extinguishing Systems for Protection of Commercial Cooking Equipment</i>, or is tested and meets all requirements of UL 300A,</p>	<p><b>19.3.2.5.3*</b> Within a smoke compartment, where residential or commercial cooking equipment is used to prepare meals for 30 or fewer persons, one cooking facility shall be permitted to be open to the corridor, provided that all of the following conditions are met:</p> <p>(1) The portion of the health care facility served by the cooking facility is limited to 30 beds and is separated from other portions of the health care facility by a smoke barrier constructed in accordance with 19.3.7.3, 19.3.7.6, and 19.3.7.8.</p> <p>(2) The cooktop or range is equipped with a range hood of a width at least equal to the width of the cooking surface, with grease baffles or other grease-collecting and clean-out capability.</p> <p>(3)* The hood systems have a minimum airflow of 500 cfm (14,000 L/min).</p> <p>(4) The hood systems that are not ducted to the exterior additionally have a charcoal filter to remove smoke and odor.</p> <p>(5) The cooktop or range complies with all of the following:</p> <p>(a) The cooktop or range is protected with a fire suppression system listed in accordance with UL 300, <i>Standard for Fire Testing of Fire Extinguishing Systems for Protection of Commercial Cooking Equipment</i>, or is tested and meets all requirements of UL 300A,</p>

*Extinguishing System Units for Residential Range Top Cooking Surfaces*, in accordance with the applicable testing document's scope.

(b) A manual release of the extinguishing system is provided in accordance with NFPA 96, *Standard for Ventilation Control and Fire Protection of Commercial Cooking Operations*, Section 10.5.

(c) An interlock is provided to turn off all sources of fuel and electrical power to the cooktop or range when the suppression system is activated.

(6)\* The use of solid fuel for cooking is prohibited.

(7)\* Deep-fat frying is prohibited

(8) Portable fire extinguishers in accordance with NFPA 96 are located in all kitchen areas.

(9)\* A switch meeting all of the following is provided:

(a) A locked switch, or a switch located in a restricted location, is provided within the cooking facility that deactivates the cooktop or range.

(b) The switch is used to deactivate the cooktop or range whenever the kitchen is not under staff supervision.

(c) The switch is on a timer, not exceeding a 120-minute capacity, that automatically deactivates the cooktop or range, independent of staff action.

(10) Procedures for the use, inspection, testing, and maintenance of the cooking equipment are in accordance with Chapter 11 of NFPA 96 and the manufacturer's instructions and are followed.

(11)\* Not less than two AC-powered photoelectric smoke alarms with battery backup, interconnected in accordance with 9.6.2.10.3, and equipped with a silence feature are located not closer than 20 ft (6.1 m) and not further than 25 ft (7.6 m) from the cooktop or range.

(12)\* The smoke alarms required by 18.3.2.5.3(11) are permitted to be located outside the kitchen area where such placement is necessary for compliance with the 20-ft (7.6-m) minimum distance criterion.

(13)\* A single system smoke detector is permitted to be installed in lieu of the smoke alarms required in 18.3.2.5.3(11) provided the following criteria are met:

(a) The detector is located not closer than 20 ft (6.1 m) and not further than 25 ft (7.6 m) from the cooktop or range.

(b) The detector is permitted to initiate a local audible alarm signal only.

(c) The detector is not required to initiate a building-wide occupant notification signal.

(d) The detector is not required to notify the emergency forces.

(e) The local audible signal initiated by the detector is permitted to be silenced and reset by a button on the detector or by a switch installed within 10 ft (3.0 m) of the system smoke detector.

(14) System smoke detectors that are required to be installed in corridors or spaces open to the corridor by other sections of this chapter are not used to meet the requirements of 18.3.2.5.3(11) and are located not closer than 25 ft (7.6 m) to the cooktop or range.

*Extinguishing System Units for Residential Range Top Cooking Surfaces*, in accordance with the applicable testing document's scope.

(b) A manual release of the extinguishing system is provided in accordance with NFPA 96, *Standard for Ventilation Control and Fire Protection of Commercial Cooking Operations*, Section 10.5.

(c) An interlock is provided to turn off all sources of fuel and electrical power to the cooktop or range when the suppression system is activated.

(6)\* The use of solid fuel for cooking is prohibited.

(7)\* Deep-fat frying is prohibited.

(8) Portable fire extinguishers in accordance with NFPA 96 are located in all kitchen areas.

(9)\* A switch meeting all of the following is provided:

(a) A locked switch, or a switch located in a restricted location, is provided within the cooking facility that deactivates the cooktop or range.

(b) The switch is used to deactivate the cooktop or range whenever the kitchen is not under staff supervision.

(c) The switch is on a timer, not exceeding a 120-minute capacity, that automatically deactivates the cooktop or range, independent of staff action.

(10) Procedures for the use, inspection, testing, and maintenance of the cooking equipment are in accordance with Chapter 11 of NFPA 96 and the manufacturer's instructions and are followed.

(11)\* Not less than two AC-powered photoelectric smoke alarms with battery backup, interconnected in accordance with 9.6.2.10.3, and equipped with a silence feature are located not closer than 20 ft (6.1 m) and not further than 25 ft (7.6 m) from the cooktop or range.

(12)\* The smoke alarms required by 19.3.2.5.3(11) are permitted to be located outside the kitchen area where such placement is necessary for compliance with the 20-ft (7.6-m) minimum distance criterion.

(13)\* A single system smoke detector is permitted to be installed in lieu of the smoke alarms required in 19.3.2.5.3(11) provided the following criteria are met:

(a) The detector is located not closer than 20 ft (6.1 m) and not further than 25 ft (7.6 m) from the cooktop or range.

(b) The detector is permitted to initiate a local audible alarm signal only.

(c) The detector is not required to initiate a building-wide occupant notification signal.

(d) The detector is not required to notify the emergency forces.

(e) The local audible signal initiated by the detector is permitted to be silenced and reset by a button on the detector or by a switch installed within 10 ft (3.0 m) of the system smoke detector.

(14) System smoke detectors that are required to be installed in corridors or spaces open to the corridor by other sections of this chapter are not used to meet the requirements of 19.3.2.5.3(11) and are located not closer than 25 ft (7.6 m) to the cooktop or range.

(15) The smoke compartment is protected throughout by an approved, supervised automatic sprinkler system in accordance with Section 9.7.